



Algebra B

- Let a, b be positive integers such that $a + b = 10$. Let $\frac{p}{q}$ be the difference between the maximum and minimum possible values of $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}$, where p and q are relatively prime positive integers. Compute $p + q$.
- If x is a real number so $3^x = 27x$, compute $\log_3\left(\frac{3^{3^x}}{x^{3^3}}\right)$.
- Let x and y be positive real numbers that satisfy $(\log x)^2 + (\log y)^2 = \log(x^2) + \log(y^2)$. Compute the maximum possible value of $(\log xy)^2$.
- Let $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + 2$. Let r be the difference between the largest and smallest real solutions of the equation $f(f(f(f(x)))) = 0$. Then $r = a^{\frac{p}{q}}$ for some positive integers a, p, q so a is square-free and p, q are relatively prime positive integers. Compute $a + p + q$.
- Let Q be a quadratic polynomial. If the sum of the roots of $Q^{100}(x)$ (where $Q^i(x)$ is defined by $Q^1(x) = Q(x), Q^i(x) = Q(Q^{i-1}(x))$ for integers $i \geq 2$) is 8 and the sum of the roots of Q is S , compute $|\log_2(S)|$.
- Let \mathbb{N}_0 be the set of non-negative integers. There is a triple (f, a, b) , where f is a function from \mathbb{N}_0 to \mathbb{N}_0 and $a, b \in \mathbb{N}_0$, that satisfies the following conditions:
 - $f(1) = 2$
 - $f(a) + f(b) \leq 2\sqrt{f(a)}$
 - For all $n > 0$, we have $f(n) = f(n-1)f(b) + 2n - f(b)$
 Find the sum of all possible values of $f(b + 100)$.
- Let $\omega = e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2017}}$ and $\zeta = e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2019}}$. Let $S = \{(a, b) \in \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 \leq a \leq 2016, 0 \leq b \leq 2018, (a, b) \neq (0, 0)\}$. Compute $\prod_{(a,b) \in S} (\omega^a - \zeta^b)$.
- A *weak binary representation* of a nonnegative integer n is a representation $n = a_0 + 2 \cdot a_1 + 2^2 \cdot a_2 + \dots$ such that $a_i \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. Determine the number of such representations for 513.